GASTEC Instructions for No.133M Tetrachloroethylene Detector Tube

FOR SAFE OPERATION :

Carefully read this manual and the instruction manual of your Gastec Gas Sampling Pump.

A WARNING :

- 1. Use only Gastec detector tubes in a Gastec pump.
- 2. Do not interchange or use non-Gastec parts or components in Gastec's detector tube and pump system.
- 3. Using non-Gastec parts or components in Gastec's detector tube and pump system or using a non-Gastec detector tube with a Gastec pump or using a Gastec detector tube with a non-Gastec pump may damage your detector tube and pump system, or may cause serious injuries, or death to the end-user. It will also void all warranties, and guarantees regarding performance and data accuracy.

CAUTION : If you do not observe the following precautions, you may suffer injuries or damage the product.

- 1. When breaking the tube ends, keep away from eyes.
- 2. Do not touch the broken glass tubes, broken pieces and reagent with bare hand(s).
- 3. The sampling time represents the time necessary to draw the air sample through the tube. The tube must be positioned in the desired sampling area for the entire sampling time or until the flow finish indicator indicates the end of the sampling.

▲ NOTES : For maintaining performance and reliability of the test results, observe the following.

- 1. Use Gastec Gas Sampling Pump together with Gastec Detector Tubes only for the purposes specified in the instruction manual of the detector tube.
- 2. Use this tube within the temperature range of 0 40° C (32 104° F).
- 3. Use this tube within the relative humidity range of 0 90%.
- This tube may be interfered with by the coexisting gases. Please refer to the table "INTERFERENCES" below.
- 5. The shelf life and storage condition of the tube are marked on the label of the tube box.

APPLICATION OF THE TUBE :

Use this tube for detecting Tetrachloroethylene in the air or in industrial areas and for determining the environmental atmospheric condition.

SPECIFICATION :

(Because of Gastec's commitment to continued improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.)

Oxidizing Agent Detecting Layer					
Measuring Range	2 – 5 ppm	5 – 100 ppm	100 – 250 ppm		
Number of Pump Strokes	2	1	1/2		
Stroke Correction Factor	0.4	1	2.5		
Sampling Time	45 seconds per pump stroke 30 seconds				
Detecting Limit	0.4 ppm (n = 2)				
Colour Change	Yellow → Reddish purple				
Reaction Principle	$Cl_2C: CCl_2 + PbO_2 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow HCl$				
	HCI + Base → Chloride				

Coefficient of Variation : 10% (for 5 to 20 ppm), 5% (for 20 to 100 ppm) **Shelf Life : Please refer to the validity date printed on the tube box. **Store the tubes at 10°C (50°F) or below in the refrigerator.

CORRECTION FOR TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND PRESSURE :

Temperature : Correct for temperature by the table below :

Tube Reading	Temperature Correction (ppm)								
(ppm)	0°C(32°F)	5°C(41°F)	10°C (50°F)	15°C(59°F)	20°C (68°F)	25°C (77°F)	30°C (86°F)	35°C (95°F)	40°C (104°F)
100	410	240	155	115	100	90	80	73	65
80	310	190	125	95	80	73	65	58	50
60	210	140	95	70	60	55	50	45	40
40	130	85	60	45	40	38	35	30	25
20	55	40	30	24	20	18	17	16	15
10	20	16	13	11.5	10	9	8	7.5	7
5	8	7	6	5.5	5	4.5	4	3.5	3

Humidity : No correction is required.

Pressure : To correct for pressure, use the formula below :

Tube Reading (ppm) \times 1013 (hPa)

Atmospheric Pressure (hPa)

MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE :

- 1. For checking the leakage of the pump, insert a freshly sealed detector tube into pump. Follow instructions provided with the pump operating manual.
- 2. Break tips off a fresh detector tube with the tube tip breaker in the pump.
- 3. Insert the tube into the pump inlet with arrow G► on the tube pointing toward the pump.
- 4. Make certain the pump handle is all the way in. Align the guide marks on the pump body with the guide marks on the handle.
- 5. Pull the handle all the way out until it locks at one pump stroke (100 mL). Wait 45 seconds and confirm the completion of the sampling.
- 6. For smaller measurements less than 5 ppm, repeat the above sampling procedure one more time until the stain reaches the first calibration mark. For measurements higher than 100 ppm, prepare a fresh tube and perform a half pump stroke.
- 7. Read the concentration level at the interface where the stained reagent meets the unstained reagent.
- 8. If necessary, multiply the readings by the correction factors of temperature, pump strokes and atmospheric pressure.

INTERFERENCES :

Substance	Concentration	Interference	Interference gas only		
Nitric Oxide,		No	No discolouration		
Nitrogen Dioxide		NO	No discolodration		
Chlorine, Bromine,		+	Reddish purple		
Hydrogen Chloride		- T	neodisii puipie		
Acetone	≦200 ppm	No	No discolouration		
Unsaturated Halogenated		+	Reddish purple		
Hydrocarbons		- T	neodisii puipie		
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≧100 ppm	-	No discolouration		

This table of interference gases primarily expresses the interference of each coexisting gas in the concentration range, that is equivalent to the gas concentration. Therefore, the test result may show positive results due to other substances not listed in the table. If more information is needed, please contact us or our distributors in your territory.

DANGEROUS AND HAZARDOUS PROPERTIES :

Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average by ACGIH (2012) : 25 ppm Threshold Limit Value-Short Term Exposure Limit by ACGIH (2012) : 100 ppm

INSTRUCTIONS ON DISPOSAL :

The reagent of the tube uses a small amount of lead. When disposing the tube regardless of whether it has been used or not, follow the rules and regulations of your local government.

WARRANTY :

If you have any questions regarding gas detection and the quality of the tubes, please feel free to contact your Gastec representatives.

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